CS747 - RANDOMIZED METHODS IN COMPUTATIONAL COMPLEXITY NITIN SAXENA

ASSIGNMENT 4

POINTS: 50

DATE GIVEN: 01-NOV-2018 DUE: 15-NOV-2018

Rules:

• You are strongly encouraged to work *independently*. That is the best way to understand the subject.

- Write the solutions on your own and honorably *acknowledge* the sources if any. http://cse.iitk.ac.in/pages/AntiCheatingPolicy.html
- Submit your solutions, before time, to your TA. Preferably, give the TA a printed copy of your LaTeXed or Word processed solution sheet.
- Clearly express the fundamental *idea* of your proof/ algorithm before going into the other proof details. The distribution of partial marks is according to the proof steps.
- There will be a penalty if you write unnecessary or unrelated details in your solution. Also, do not repeat the proofs done in the class.
- Problems marked '0 points' are for practice.
- Acknowledgements: Several problems are from *Arora & Barak, Computational Complexity: A Modern Approach* and other lecture notes.

Question 1: [9 points] Suppose boolean function f is in E with $H_{avg}(f) \ge n^4$. Then, the function $g: z \mapsto z \circ f(z)$, for $z \in \{0,1\}^{\ell}$, is an $(\ell+1)$ -prg.

Question 2: [13 points] Prove that NEXP = MA implies $NEXP \subseteq P/poly$.

Question 3: [10 points] Suppose BPP≠EXP. Could you use this to derandomize BPP to some extent? Sketch the proof details.

Question 4: [9 points] For every $\delta > 0$ and sufficiently large n, prove the existence of a linear ecc $E : \{0,1\}^n \to \{0,1\}^{1.1n/(1-H(\delta))}$ with distance at least δ .

(Note: Linear code means that E(x) + E(y) = E(x + y), where

addition is componentwise modulo 2. Let $H(\delta) := -\delta \log \delta - (1 - \delta) \log (1 - \delta)$.)

Question 5: [9 points] Show that there exists an explicit linear-stretch code, i.e. $\exists c, \delta > 0, \forall n, \exists \text{ ecc } E : \{0,1\}^n \to \{0,1\}^{cn} \text{ of distance at least } \delta \text{ with efficient encoding/decoding algorithms.}$

Question 6: [0 points] For every c > 0, prove that $EXP \not\subseteq i.o.-Size(n^c)$.

Question 7: [0 points] Prove that, for unique decoding, the channel error should be less than 25%.

Question 8: [0 points] How do you factor $f(x) \mod p$?

Question 9: [0 points] How do you factor $f(x_1, x_2) \mod p$?

Question 10: [0 points] How do you find an integral root of an integral polynomial f(x)?